

R-acc. норуоо stabilization embedding

$$GL(n, R) \hookrightarrow GL(n+1, R)$$

$$g \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} g & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$GL(R) = \varinjlim GL(n, R)$$

$$GL(n, R) \subseteq GL(n+1, R)$$

stable general linear group

$$t_{ij}(\xi) = e + \xi e_{ij} \quad 1 \leq i \neq j \leq n$$

$$E(n, R) = \langle t_{ij}(\xi), \xi \in R, 1 \leq i \neq j \leq n \rangle \subseteq GL(n, R)$$

$$E(R) = \varinjlim E(n, R)$$

$$\text{st. emb.} : E(n, R) \hookrightarrow E(n+1, R)$$

Whitehead lemma

$$E(R) = [GL(R), GL(R)]$$

$$\text{Def: } K_1(R) = GL(R) / E(R) = GL(R) / [GL(R), GL(R)]$$

Quillen

→ Volodin

$$\pi_I : GL(n, R) \rightarrow GL(n, R/I)$$

$$(g_{ij}) \mapsto (g_{ij} + I)$$

$I \trianglelefteq R$

- мономорфизм редукции

$$GL(n, R, I) = \text{Ker}(\pi_I) \trianglelefteq GL(n, R)$$

$$C(n, R, I) = \pi_I^{-1}(C(GL(n, R/I))) \trianglelefteq GL(n, R)$$

centre

$$E(n, I) = \langle t_{ij}(\xi), \xi \in I, 1 \leq i \neq j \leq n \rangle \trianglelefteq E(n, R)$$

$$E(n, R, I) = \langle t_{ij}(\xi), \xi \in I, 1 \leq i \neq j \leq n \rangle E(n, R)$$

$$\varinjlim GL(n, R, I) = GL(R, I)$$

$$\varinjlim E(n, R, I) = E(R, I)$$

$C(n, R, I)$ - het modera

Thm $E(R, I) = [E(R), E(R, I)] = [GL(R), GL(R, I)]$

$E(R, I) \trianglelefteq GL(R, I) \leq GL(R)$

$GL(R, I) / E(R, I) = \text{Cent}(GL(R) / E(R, I))$

$K_1(R, I) = GL(R, I) / E(R, I)$

Thm 2.2 $H \leq GL(R)$

H - Нормализатор $E(R)$

$\rightarrow \exists! I \trianglelefteq R \quad E(R, I) \leq H \leq GL(R, I)$ и обратное верно.

$(R_1) \quad t_{ij}(\xi) t_{ij}(\zeta) = t_{ij}(\xi + \zeta)$

$(R_2) \quad [t_{ij}(\xi), t_{kl}(\zeta)] = \begin{cases} e, & j \neq k, i \neq l \\ t_{ij}(\xi \zeta), & j = k, i \neq l \\ t_{kl}(-\xi \zeta), & j \neq k, i = l \end{cases}$

$St(n, R) = \langle x_{ij}(\xi) \mid x_{ij}(\xi) \text{ гд } \xi \in R, i, j \in \{1, \dots, n\} \rangle$

$n \geq 3$

$\varphi: St(n, R) \longrightarrow E(n, R) \longrightarrow 1$

$x_{ij}(\xi) \longmapsto t_{ij}(\xi)$

$K_2(n, R) = \text{ker}(\varphi)$

$1 \longrightarrow K_2(n, R) \longrightarrow St(n, R) \longrightarrow E(n, R) \longrightarrow 1$

$x_{ij}(\xi) \longmapsto x_{ij}(\xi)$

$St(n, R) \longrightarrow St(n+1, R)$

$St(R) = \varinjlim St(n, R)$

$\rightarrow K_2(n, R) \longrightarrow K_2(n+1, R)$

$St(n, R) \longrightarrow E(n, R)$

$St(R) \longrightarrow E(R)$

$K_2(R) = \text{ker}(St(R) \longrightarrow E(R))$

$1 \longrightarrow K_2(R) \longrightarrow St(R) \longrightarrow GL(R) \longrightarrow K_1(R) \longrightarrow 1$

Thm 2.3.

$$\text{st}(R) \longrightarrow E(R) \xrightarrow{\quad} 1$$

- универсальное центральное расширение $E(R)$

$$\text{st}(R) \longrightarrow E(R) \longrightarrow 1$$

$\text{Ker} \subseteq \text{Cent}$

теория Шура

R -кольцо

$$\text{involution: } R \longrightarrow R$$

$$a \longmapsto \bar{a}$$

$$\overline{a+b} = \bar{a} + \bar{b}$$

$$\overline{ab} = \bar{b} \cdot \bar{a}$$

$$\bar{\bar{a}} = a \quad \forall a, b \in R$$

Fix $\lambda \in \text{Cent}(R)$

симметрия, если $\lambda \cdot \bar{\lambda} = 1$

$$\Lambda_{\min} = \{ a - \lambda \bar{a} \mid a \in R \}$$

$$\Lambda_{\max} = \{ a \in R \mid a = -\lambda \bar{a} \}$$

add. подгруппы, $\Lambda_{\min} \subseteq \Lambda_{\max}$

$$a \Lambda_{\min} \bar{a} \in \Lambda_{\min} \quad \forall a \in R$$

$$a \Lambda_{\max} \bar{a} \in \Lambda_{\max}$$

form parameter:

- $\Delta \in R$: add. подгруппа
- ① $\Lambda_{\min} \subseteq \Delta \subseteq \Lambda_{\max}$
 - ② $a \Delta \bar{a} \subseteq \Delta \quad \forall a \in R$

(R, Δ) - form ring

Morphism of form rings

$(R, \Delta), (R', \Delta')$

гомоморфизм $\mu: R \longrightarrow R'$

$\tau.470 \quad \mu(\bar{a}) = \overline{\mu(a)}, \mu(\lambda) = \lambda', \mu(\Delta) \subseteq \Delta'$

form ideal:

$$I \trianglelefteq R \quad \text{и} \quad \bar{I} = I$$

$$\Gamma_{\min} = \langle x - \lambda \bar{x} \mid x \in I \rangle + \langle x \alpha \bar{x} \mid x \in I, \alpha \in \Lambda \rangle$$

relative form param.

$$\Gamma_{\max} = I \cap \Lambda$$

$$\Gamma_{\min}(I) \subseteq \Gamma_{\max}(I)$$

$$\forall a \in R: \quad a \Gamma_{\min} \bar{a} \subseteq \Gamma_{\min}$$

$$a \Gamma_{\max} \bar{a} \subseteq \Gamma_{\max}$$

$$\Gamma \subseteq I \quad \text{т.ч.} \quad \Gamma_{\min}(I) \subseteq \Gamma \subseteq \Gamma_{\max}(I)$$

add. подформа

$$\text{и} \quad a \Gamma \bar{a} \subseteq \Gamma \quad \forall a \in R$$

(R, Λ) - form ring

V - right R -Module

$$V \times V \longrightarrow R$$

$$f(u, v) = \bar{a} f(u, v) \beta$$

$$\forall u, v \in V \quad a, \beta \in R$$

$$h: V \times V \longrightarrow R$$

$$h(u, v) = f(u, v) + \lambda \overline{f(v, u)}$$

$$q: V \longrightarrow R/\Lambda$$

~~$$q(u) = f(u, u) + \lambda \overline{f(u, u)}$$~~

$$q(u) = f(u, u) + \Lambda$$

q - квадрат. форма

(V, h, q) - квадрат. модуль над форм. кольцом
независимо от f

$$h(u, v) = \overline{h(v, u)} \cdot \lambda$$

$\rightarrow h - \lambda$ -эрмитова

Def: $G(V, h, q)$

// - group of automorphisms of (V, h, q)

$$\{ g \in GL(V) \mid h(gu, gv) = h(u, v), q(gv) = q(v) \forall u, v \in V \}$$

- ~~единица~~ unitary group $U(V)$

Bak's unitary group.

(I, Γ) - form ideal of (R, Δ)

относительные:

$$G(V, h, q, I, \Gamma) = \{ G \in G(V, h, q) \mid G \equiv 1 \pmod{I}, f(Gv, Gv) - f(v, v) \in \Gamma, \forall v \in V \}$$

$\Delta G(V, h, q)$ $\text{euc}(V, h, q)$ - nonsingular

Опр. $G(2n, R, \Delta)$ - hyperbolic unitary group

$$V = R^{2n} \quad \text{базис: } e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n, e_{-n}, \dots, e_{-2}, e_{-1}$$

~~есть~~ $f: V \times V \longrightarrow R$ - невырожден.

$$f(u, v) = \bar{u}_1 \cdot v_{-1} + \dots + \bar{u}_n \cdot v_{-n}$$